

Monotonicity for Multiple Key Management Tokens

Johannes Borgström

ASA'09

PKCS #11

- This slide left blank on purpose

Single Token Assumption

- “By storing a history of all operations in the token, we are able to keep track of all dependencies and avoid unexpected consequences of an operation.”
- What happens if there is a second token?

Usage Scenarios

- “We attempt to prevent the attack [...] by adding wrap and unwrap to our list of conflicting attribute pairs.”
- Global interpretation:
 - Invalidates real-world usage scenarios.
- Local interpretation:
 - Does not prevent attack.

Non-Monotonic Operations

- Constrains future adversary actions.
- Examples:
 - Creating a key dependency (cf. Slide 3)
 - Setting a sticky attribute that has conflicts (cf. slide 4)
- If there are multiple copies of a key,
 - all bets are off.

Attacks

- Key assumption:
Given access to decryption oracle,
the adversary can unwrap a key.
- => Model wrapping as encryption.

Handles $g, h \in \mathbf{H}$

Keys $k, l \in \mathbf{K}$

Permissions $p, q \in \mathbf{P} := \{\text{enc, dec, wrap, unwrap}\}$

Tokens $M \in \mathbf{M} := \mathbf{H} \rightarrow^{\text{fin}} \mathbf{K} \times 2^{\mathbf{P}}$

Operational Model

enc t with h :

$$M; h, t \rightarrow M; \text{enc}(t, k) \quad \text{if } M(h) = (k, p \cup \text{enc})$$

dec $\text{enc}(t, k)$ with h :

$$M; h, \text{enc}(t, k) \rightarrow M; t \quad \text{if } M(h) = (k, p \cup \text{dec})$$

wrap g with h :

$$M; g, h \rightarrow M; \text{enc}(l, k) \quad \text{if } M(h) = (k, p \cup \text{wrap}) \text{ and } M(g) = (l, q)$$

unwrap $\text{enc}(l, k)$ with h for q :

$$M; h, \text{enc}(l, k) \xrightarrow{g} M'; g \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{if } M(h) = (k, p \cup \text{unwrap}) \\ \text{and } M' = M \cup \{g \mapsto (l, q)\} \end{array}$$

$$M; S \xrightarrow{H} M'; S' \text{ and } H \cap \text{consts}(S \cup \text{dom}(M)) = \emptyset$$

$$\mathcal{M} \uplus M; S \cup S_0 \xrightarrow{H} \mathcal{M} \uplus M'; S \cup S_0 \cup S'$$

Scenario

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_1 &= \{h_1 \mapsto (k, \text{wrap}), g_1 \mapsto (l, \text{dec})\} \\
 M_2 &= \{h_2 \mapsto (k, \text{unwrap})\} \\
 S &= \{h_1, h_2, g_1, d\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_1, M_2; S$$

1 : wrap g_1 with h_1

$$\rightarrow M_1, M_2; S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k)\}$$

2 : unwrap $\text{enc}(l, k)$ with h_2 for enc

$$\xrightarrow{g_2} M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{enc})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2\}$$

2 : enc d with g_2

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{enc})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(d, l)\}$$

1 : dec $\text{enc}(d, l)$ with g_1

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{enc})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(d, l)\}$$

Attack 1

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_1 &= \{h_1 \mapsto (k, \text{wrap}), g_1 \mapsto (l, \text{dec})\} \\
 M_2 &= \{h_2 \mapsto (k, \text{unwrap})\} \\
 S &= \{h_1, h_2, g_1, d\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_1, M_2; S$$

1 : wrap g_1 with h_1

$$\rightarrow M_1, M_2; S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k)\}$$

2 : unwrap $\text{enc}(l, k)$ with h_2 for wrap

$$\xrightarrow{g_2} M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{wrap})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2\}$$

2 : wrap h_2 with g_2

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{wrap})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(k, l)\}$$

1 : dec $\text{enc}(k, l)$ with g_1

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{wrap})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(k, l), k\}$$

Administration

- Change the permissions associated with a handle
- Subject to a permission policy
- Conflicts + stickiness = non-monotonicity?

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_d(p, q) := & p \subseteq q \wedge (\{\text{enc}, \text{unwrap}\} \not\subseteq q) \\ & \wedge (\{\text{dec}, \text{wrap}\} \not\subseteq q) \\ & \wedge (\{\text{wrap}, \text{unwrap}\} \not\subseteq q) \end{aligned}$$

adm h for q :

$$M \cup \{h \mapsto (k, p)\}; h \rightarrow M \cup \{h \mapsto (k, q)\}; \emptyset \quad \text{if } \phi_d(p, q)$$

gen for p :

$$M; \emptyset \xrightarrow{h, k} M \cup \{h \mapsto (k, p)\}; h \quad \text{if } \phi_d(p, p)$$

$$M_1 = \{h_1 \mapsto (k, \text{wrap}), g_1 \mapsto (l, \emptyset)\}$$

$$M_2 = \{h_2 \mapsto (k, \text{unwrap})\}$$

$$S = \{h_1, h_2, g_1, d\}$$

Attack 2

$M_1, M_2; S$

1 : wrap g_1 with h_1

$$\rightarrow M_1, M_2; S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k)\}$$

2 : unwrap $\text{enc}(l, k)$ with h_2 for \emptyset

$$\xrightarrow{g_2} M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \emptyset)); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2\}$$

2 : adm g_2 for wrap

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{wrap})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2\}$$

2 : wrap h_2 with g_2

$$\rightarrow M_1, (M_2 \cup g_2 \mapsto (l, \text{wrap})); S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(k, l)\}$$

1 : adm g_1 for dec

$$\rightarrow \{h_1 \mapsto (k, \text{wrap}), g_1 \mapsto (l, \text{dec})\}, M'_2; S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(k, l)\}$$

1 : dec $\text{enc}(k, l)$ with g_1

$$\rightarrow \{h_1 \mapsto (k, \text{wrap}), g_1 \mapsto (l, \text{dec})\}, M'_2; S \cup \{\text{enc}(l, k), g_2, \text{enc}(k, l), k\}$$

Conclusions

- Non-monotonicity with multiple tokens:
 - Don't rely on it!
- Consider multiple token scenarios:
 - Scenario-based verification
 - State invariants

Ongoing Work

- Towards a verified reference implementation
- Secrecy by typing
 - Abstract cryptography
 - Symmetric keys
 - Dolev-Yao attacker