

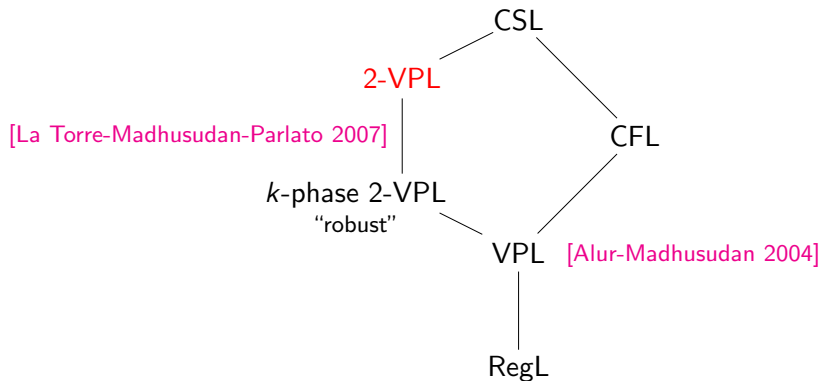
# On the Expressive Power of 2-Stack Visibly Pushdown Automata

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## 2-Stack Visibly Pushdown Automata (2-VPA)



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Input alphabet is partitioned into push, pop, and internal actions:

$$\Sigma = (\textit{Push}_1, \textit{Pop}_1, \textit{Push}_2, \textit{Pop}_2, \textit{Int})$$

### A 2-VPA

- **pushes** a symbol onto  $i$ 'th stack when reading a letter from  $\textit{Push}_i$
- **pops** a symbol from  $i$ 'th stack when reading a letter from  $\textit{Pop}_i$
- does not touch the stacks when reading a letter from  $\textit{Int}$

## Example of a 2-VPA

$$\Sigma = (\{a\}, \{\bar{a}\}, \{b\}, \{\bar{b}\}, \emptyset)$$

Transitions of 2-VPA  $\mathcal{A}$  with initial state  $q_0$  and final state  $q_5$ :

$$\delta_{\text{push}} : (q_0, a, A, q_2)$$

$$(q_1, a, A, q_2)$$

$$(q_2, b, B, q_1)$$

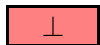
$$(q_2, b, B, q_3)$$

$$\delta_{\text{pop}} : (q_3, \bar{a}, A, q_3)$$

$$(q_3, \bar{a}, \perp, q_4)$$

$$(q_4, \bar{b}, B, q_4)$$

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$q_0$   $a$   $b$   $a$   $b$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{b}$   $\bar{b}$   $\bar{b}$



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$a$   $b$   $a$   $b$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{a}$   $\bar{b}$   $\bar{b}$   $\bar{b}$

$q_2$   $\nearrow$



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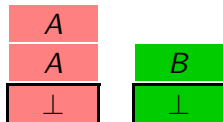
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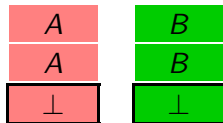
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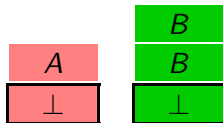
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
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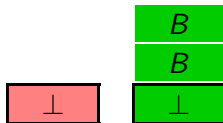
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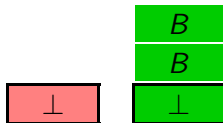
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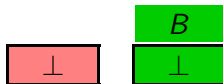
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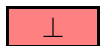
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$$L(\mathcal{A}) = \{(ab)^n \bar{a}^{n+1} \bar{b}^{n+1} \mid n \geq 1\}$$



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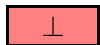
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2-phase words  $\implies$  2-phase 2-VPA



## $k$ -phase 2-VPA vs. 2-VPA

$k$ -phase 2-VPA are “robust” [La Torre-Madhusudan-Parlato 2007]

- Decidable emptiness, inclusion, and equivalence problem
- Closed under all boolean operations
- Not determinizable
- MSO characterization

⇒ upcoming talk

## 2-VPA

- Undecidable emptiness problem
- Closed under union and intersection
- Not closed under complementation
- EMSO characterization

## Key technique: Nested words [Alur-Madhusudan 2006]

Word over  $\Sigma = \{a, \bar{a}, b, \bar{b}\}$ :

$a \rightarrow b \rightarrow a \rightarrow b \rightarrow \bar{a} \rightarrow \bar{a} \rightarrow \bar{a} \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{b}$

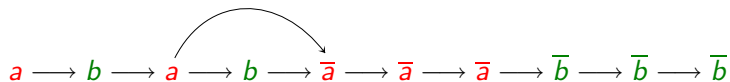
# Key technique: Nested words [Alur-Madhusudan 2006]

Nested word over  $\Sigma = (\{a\}, \{\bar{a}\}, \{b\}, \{\bar{b}\}, \emptyset)$ :

$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow \bar{a} \longrightarrow \bar{a} \longrightarrow \bar{a} \longrightarrow \bar{b} \longrightarrow \bar{b} \longrightarrow \bar{b}$

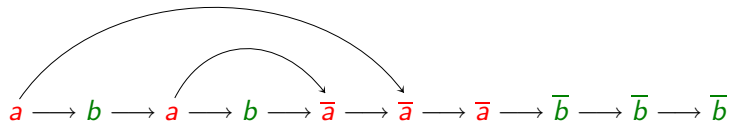
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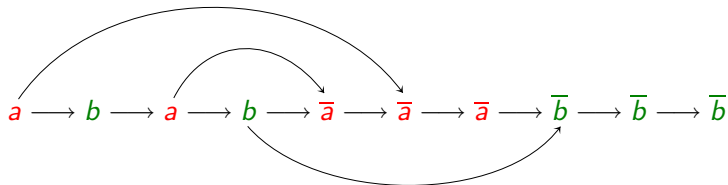
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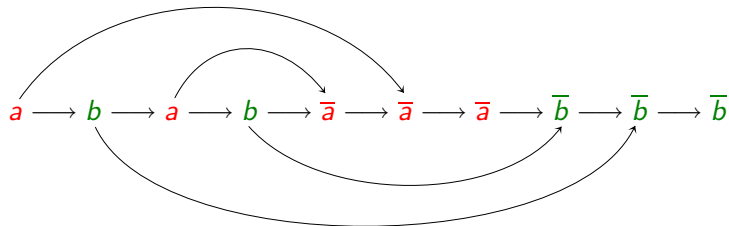
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## 2-Stack Nested Word Automata (2-NWA)

$$\Sigma = (\{a\}, \{\bar{a}\}, \{b\}, \{\bar{b}\}, \emptyset)$$

Transitions of a 2-NWA  $\mathcal{A}$ :

$$\delta_1 : (q_0, a, q_2)$$

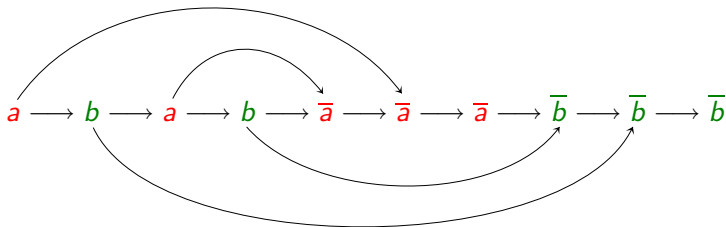
$$(q_2, b, q_1)$$

$\vdots$

$$\delta_2 : (q_2, q_3, \bar{a}, q_3)$$

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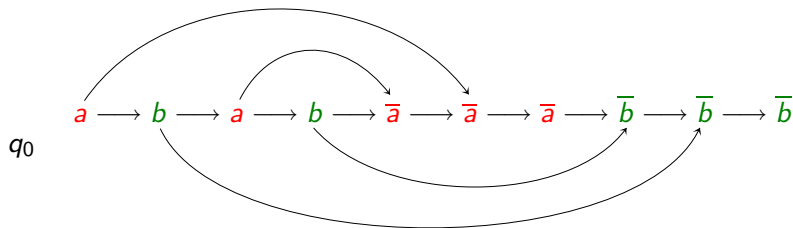
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⋮

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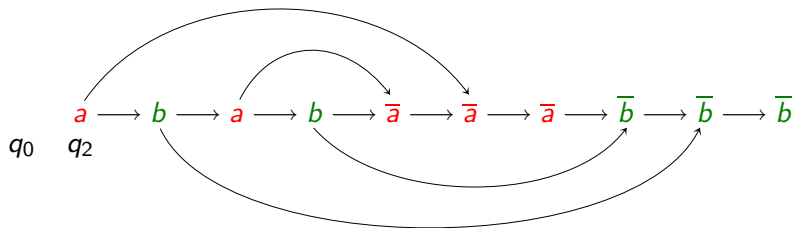
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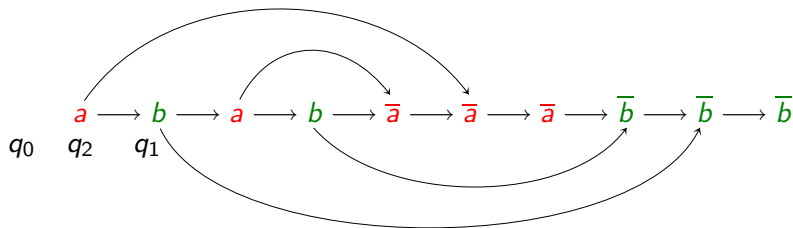
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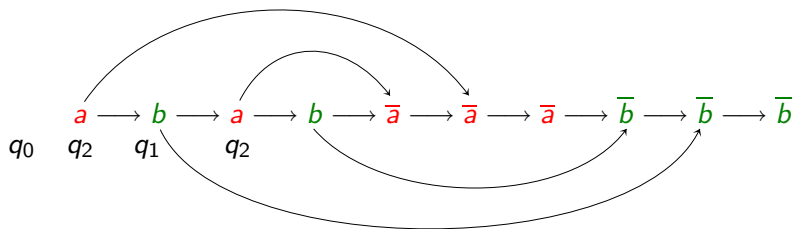


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$$\begin{array}{ll} \delta_1 : & (q_0, a, q_2) \\ & (q_2, b, q_1) \\ & \vdots \\ \delta_2 : & (q_2, q_3, \bar{a}, q_3) \\ & (q_3, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \\ & (q_1, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \end{array}$$



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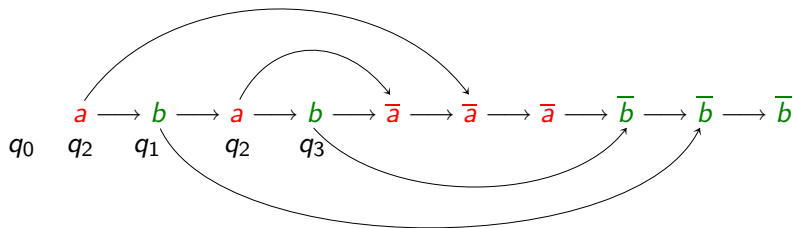
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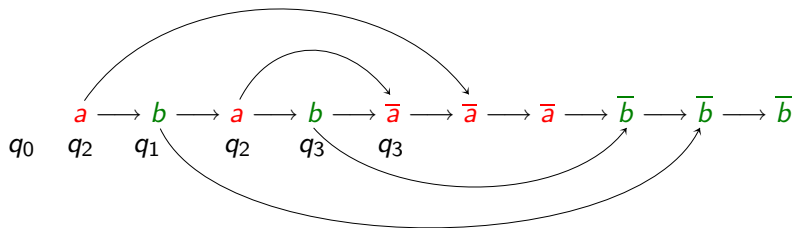
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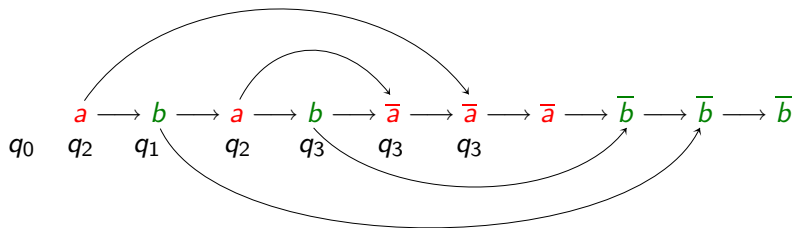
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Transitions of a 2-NWA  $\mathcal{A}$ :

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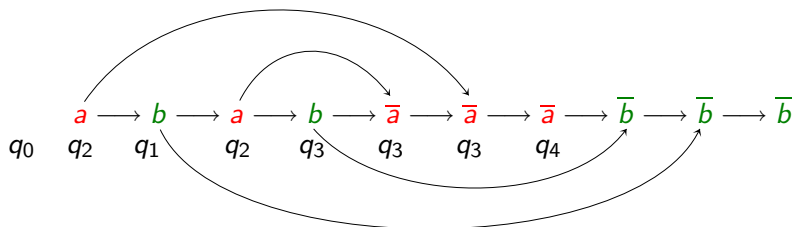
$$(q_2, b, q_1)$$

$\vdots$

$$\delta_2 : (q_2, q_3, \bar{a}, q_3)$$

$$(q_3, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4)$$

$$(q_1, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4)$$

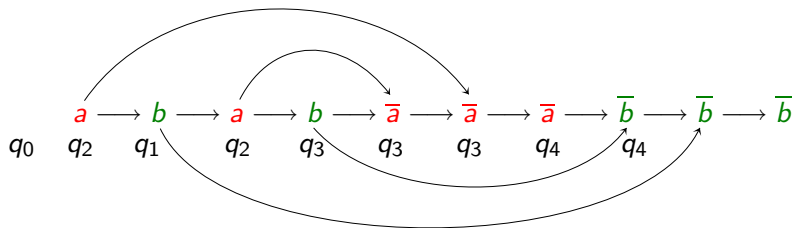


## 2-Stack Nested Word Automata (2-NWA)

$$\Sigma = (\{a\}, \{\bar{a}\}, \{b\}, \{\bar{b}\}, \emptyset)$$

Transitions of a 2-NWA  $\mathcal{A}$ :

$$\begin{array}{ll} \delta_1 : & (q_0, a, q_2) \\ & (q_2, b, q_1) \\ & \vdots \\ \delta_2 : & (q_2, q_3, \bar{a}, q_3) \\ & (q_3, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \\ & (q_1, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \end{array}$$

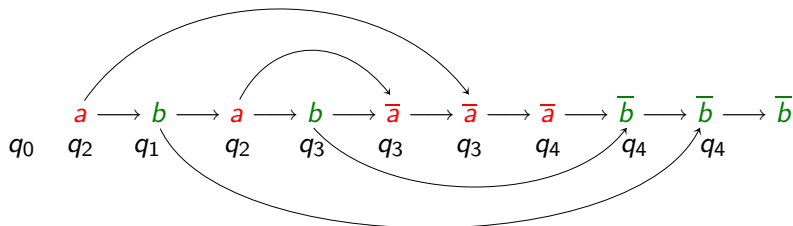


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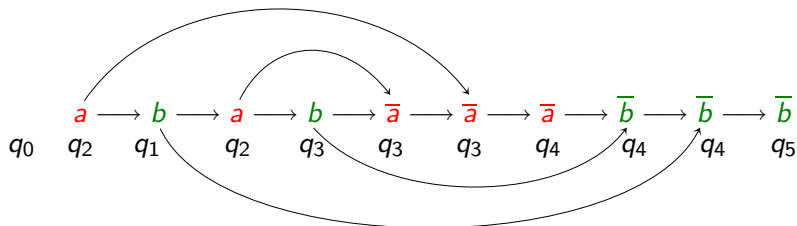


## 2-Stack Nested Word Automata (2-NWA)

$$\Sigma = (\{a\}, \{\bar{a}\}, \{b\}, \{\bar{b}\}, \emptyset)$$

Transitions of a 2-NWA  $\mathcal{A}$ :

$$\begin{array}{ll} \delta_1 : & (q_0, a, q_2) \\ & (q_2, b, q_1) \\ & \vdots \\ \delta_2 : & (q_2, q_3, \bar{a}, q_3) \\ & (q_3, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \\ & (q_1, q_4, \bar{b}, q_4) \end{array}$$

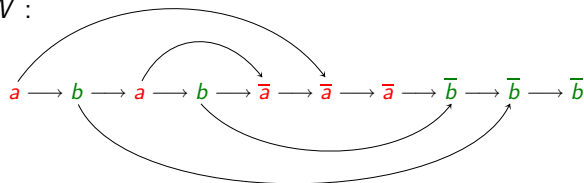


# Logical characterization of 2-NWA/2-VPA

## EMSO Logic

$\varphi ::= a(x) \mid \text{succ}(x,y) \mid \text{match}(x,y) \mid x = y \mid x \in X$   
 $\neg\varphi \mid \varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 \mid \exists x\varphi \mid \exists X\varphi$  (restricted use)

$W$  :



## Example

- $W \models \forall x.(a(x) \rightarrow \exists y.\text{match}(x, y))$
- $W \not\models \exists x.\exists y.(\text{succ}(x, y) \wedge \text{match}(x, y))$

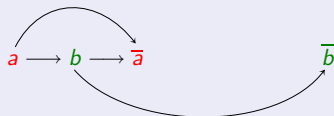
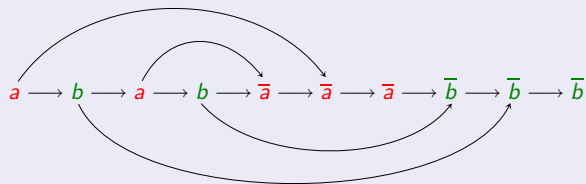
# Logical characterization of 2-NWA/2-VPA

## Theorem

2-NWA are expressively equivalent to EMSO logic.

## Proof.

Construct 2-NWA that detects **spheres**, then apply Hanf's Theorem.



1-sphere around  
4th position



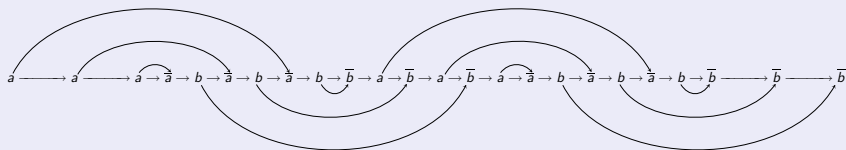
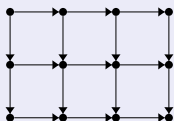
## 2-NWA and complementability

### Theorem

2-NWA/2-VPA cannot be complemented in general.

### Proof.

FO reduction from **grids** to nested words, then apply [Matz-Thomas 1997].



## Future work

- Logical characterization of general multi-stack VPA?
- How about more general visibly pushdown alphabets?  
[Carotenuto-Murano-Peron 2007]
- How about  $\leq$  in EMSO logic?